

## Anno Accademico 2021/2022

| FLOOD PROPAGATION   |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Enrollment year     | 2020/2021  |
| Academic year       | 2021/2022  |
| Regulations         | DM270  |
| Academic discipline | ICAR/02 (MARITIME HYDRAULIC CONSTRUCTION AND HYDROLOGY)  |
| Department          | DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING AND ARCHITECTURE   |
| Course              | CIVIL ENGINEERING FOR MITIGATION OF RISK FROM NATURAL HAZARDS  |
| Curriculum          | Hydrogeological risk assessment and mitigation   |
| Year of study       | 2°   |
| Period              | (20/09/2021 - 13/10/2021)  |
| ECTS                | 6  |
| Lesson hours        | 48 lesson hours  |
| Language            | Italian  |
| Activity type       | ORAL TEST  |
| Teacher             | PETACCIA GABRIELLA (titolare) - 6 ECTS   |
| Prerequisites       | The Course of deals with theoretical and application matters chiefly referred to the Teaching Fields of: Hydraulic and Fluid Mechanics. It is useful for the students a preliminary frequency of the teaching Matters above mentioned, for an easier understanding of the object of the Course |
| Learning outcomes   | Give the concepts necessary to use one and two dimensional unsteady flood propagtion models. The last part of the course is dedicated to the   |
| Course contents     | Introduction: steady and unsteady flow, uniform and varied flow, pipe flow vs open channel flow  De Sant Venant equations (1d), divergent and non divergent form,  |

supplementary terms and coefficients

Initial and boundary conditions

Discontinuous solutions: Bores

Simple wave, Dam break waves

Italian Regulations on Dam safety

Simplified channel flow equations

Numerical solution of the unsteady flow equations (method of characteristics, explicit and implicit

finite differences methods, numerical integration schemes: predictor corrector, flux splitting,

upwind and downwind; accuracy of the numerical method, stability analysis

Shallow water equations (2D)

Mesh generation (structured/non structured)

Simulation of flow in natural streams (1d vs 2D models, topological and hydraulic discretization,

some computational problems in rivers and floodplains, flooded area mapping techniques)

Models calibration and data needs

Flood wave propagation through hydraulic singularities

Introduction to the use of ORSADEM code

Case study: analysis of Sella Zerbino dam break (Italy)

## **Teaching methods**

## Oral and practical lessons

## Reccomended or required readings

V.T. Chow 1959 Open Channel Hydraulics Mac Graw Hill Book , New York

J.A. Cunge, F.M. Holly, & A.Vervey, Practical aspects of Computational River Hydraulics. 1980.

Pitman Publ. Inc, London

K. Mahmood, V.Yevjevich 1975. Unsteady flow in open channel, Water Resources publications, Colorado, 1975.

H. Chanson 2004 The Hydraulics of Open Channel Flow: An

Introduction, Second Edition, Elsevier Oxford T.W. Sturm. 2001. Open Channel Hydraulics, Mc Graw Hill, Singapore **ORSADEM** reference manual Slides of the course (see Kiro: http://kiro2014.unipv.it/idcd/) **Assessment methods** Modalità di verifica dell'apprendimento MOD\_VER\_APPR 8000 Sì L'apprendimento viene verificato mediante esame orale finalizzato all'accertamento del conseguimento degli obiettivi formativi dell'insegnamento. Oggetto dell'esame sono i contenuti dei testi di riferimento, i contenuti delle lezioni frontali e delle lezioni svolte in laboratorio informatico. The final exam is Oral and is aimed at ascertaining the achievement of the educational objectives of teaching. The subject of the examination are the contents of the reference texts, the contents of the lectures and the lessons carried out in the computer lab.

**Further information** 

Sustainable development goals - Agenda 2030

\$lbl legenda sviluppo sostenibile